

A. R. TURNBULL, Physician, Surgeon,  
and Accoucher. Office—Corner  
Main and River Sts., Moose Jaw, Assn.

W. M. GRAYSON, Barrister, Attorney  
Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc.  
Office Main St., Moose Jaw, N. W. T.  
Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Com-  
pany, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw  
Town Site.

G. GORDON, Barrister, Advocate,  
Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc.—Main  
Street, Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

B. F. FISH, LICENSED AUCTIONEER  
for the North West Territories. Sales  
of Live Stock will receive special attention.  
All orders promptly attended to. Office—  
High Street, Moose Jaw.

BRUNSWICK HOTEL—River Street—  
First-class accommodation for the  
travelling public. Commercial and Sample  
Rooms. JAS. OSTRANDER, Proprietor.

H. L. ROBINSON, Grain and Commission  
Merchant. Agent for Patterson Bros.,  
Woodstock, Ont., Manufacturers of Imple-  
ments.

J. W. BRADSHAW, Contractor and  
Builder. Sash and Doors made to or-  
der on short notice.

F. G. HERRLER, Contractor for Stone  
and Brickwork, Kalamining Etc.—  
Main St., Moose Jaw.

JOHN ROCKENSON, Builder and Com-  
missioner. Plans and Specifications fur-  
nished. All work guaranteed.

S. J. HOLBROOK, Veterinary Surgeon.  
Diseases of Horses & Cattle treated.  
Infirmary Stable in connection.

F. A. MILLER,  
SIGN PAINTER,  
Sign Writing done. Kalamining a Specialty.

L. AFFERTY & MOORE,  
Bankers,  
— AND —  
FINANCIAL AGENTS.

Head Office—CALGARY.  
Branch Offices:  
Edmonton, Vancouver, B. C., Moose Jaw,  
Regina, Sask., Winnipeg, Man.

ATLANTA HOTEL,  
RIVER STREET—WEST.  
— Cheapest Brands of —

CIGARS  
Always on Hand. First-class accommoda-  
tion for the travelling public. Good Table  
and comfortable rooms at moderate prices.

H. FERGUSON, Proprietor.  
BACK AGAIN!  
IN THE OLD STAND.

FRESH BREAD,  
CAKES, BUNS,  
PIES, Etc., Etc.

J. M. SIMMINGTON,  
Clerk Main and River Sts., Moose Jaw.

SPRING TAILORING!  
Cutting Entirely New and Different from  
other Tailors in

SUITINGS,  
OVERCOATINGS,  
FAXINGS, Etc.

CHAS. C. CAMERON,  
Main Street, Moose Jaw.

H. McDUGALL,  
DEALER IN—  
LUMBER

BUILDING MATERIAL.  
Office and Yard Fairford Street, East.

CITY  
SHAVING PARLOR.  
THE ONLY FIRST CLASS SHOP IN THE  
WEST.

BEST BRANDS OF CIGARS ALWAYS  
ON HAND.  
R. HOCKLEY, Artist.

N. W. M. POLICE.

There will be a sale of coat horses at the  
Barracks, on Monday the 12th May, 1890.  
Terms Cash. No paper will be taken who  
takes notice without authority.

L. W. HERRMANN,  
Commissioner N. W. M. P.  
Regina, 20th April 1890.

# THE TIMES.

VOL. II.—NO. 3.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., MAY 9, 1890.

JAMES N. McDONALD,  
Editor and Proprietor.

## T. W. ROBINSON.

CALL AND SEE OUR

50.

WHITE MUSLIN.

CALL AND SEE OUR

100.

Washing Pongee Dress Goods.

CALL AND SEE OUR

100.

Gingham's Worth 15 Cents.

CALL AND SEE OUR

50.

TOWELLING.

## T. W. ROBINSON,

Main Street, Moose Jaw

## E. A. BAKER & CO.,

— Have on Hand —

SEED WHEAT,  
SEED OATS, (Black & White.)  
SEED BARLEY,  
SEED PEAS,  
GRASS AND GARDEN SEED,  
Also, Chopped Feed, Shorts, Bran, Flour, Etc.

A Car Load of POTATOES Just Arrived!

— Our Stock of —

Hardware, Tinware, Groceries and Provisions  
Always complete and at honest living prices. — Every  
Article bearing its own profit.

BLUE-STONE! BLUE-STONE!  
Farmers Should All Use It.

Everybody Invited to Call

MAIN STREET MOOSE JAW

## LUMBER

Laths, Shingles, Mouldings, Tar Felt,

## HARD COAL AND WOOD,

Doors, Window

Brown Building Paper Glass, etc.

Storm Windows and Doors in Stock and Made to Order.

Clear Red Cedar From British Columbia.

Clear White Pine From Ontario.

Oak, Maple, Ash and Basswood, 2 and 3 Ply Metal Brand Roofing.

LIME, RETAIL AND IN CAR LOTS.

COMMON SENSE SASH BALANCES.

Window and Door Frames Made to Order on Short Notice.

J. T. SIMPSON,

General Commission Merchant and Insurance Agent.

TRAY from the farm of the undersigned,  
on or about Feb. 15th, the spotted Cow  
Red and White, heavy in calf. Kinder re-  
warded by notifying. HIRSH CLINE, 415 St.

Valuable Property For Sale.

Tenders will be received by the under-  
signed up to 12 o'clock, noon, of Thursday,  
May 16th next for the purchase of lots 11  
and 12, Block 79 Moose Jaw, with the build-  
ings thereon, the property of the Temperance  
Colonization Society (Ltd.). The tenders may be  
for the whole property in block, or for  
the Office, Warehouse and Lots Separately.  
Any information will be given by the  
undersigned on the premises. Terms Cash.  
The highest or any tender not necessarily  
accepted.

H. McDUGALL,  
Agent for Owners.

NEW  
BUTCHER SHOP!

I have opened up a

NEW: MEAT: MARKET,

On Main Street, one door north of M. B. Rids's  
Shoe Shop, and am prepared to supply the  
people of Moose Jaw with all kinds of

FRESH MEATS,

— and —

GAME in SEASON.

We have the Choicest Meat on the market.

All Orders Promptly Attended to.

Prices To Suit Customers.

Free Delivery. Terms Cash.

A. GAUDRY, Prop.

WALL PAPER!

WALL PAPER!

WALL PAPER!

Call and examine BOLES' Patterns

before buying.

SOMETHING NICE!

CHLORIDE OF LIME,

— and —

SULPHATE OF IRON,

For Disinfectants.

Now is the time to use it.

— For Sale at —

BOLE'S DRUG STORE.

JAMES BRASS,

Contractor and Builder.

Plans and Specifications Furn-  
ished.

Estimates Furnished on Application.

SASHES, DOORS,

FRAME, & BLINDS, etc.

Furnished on Short Notice.

First-class Workmanship Guar-  
anteed.

JAMES BRASS

RIVER ST. EAST MOOSE JAW

at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.

THE COURT HOUSE, IN

The Town of Regina,

at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.

The above sale is postponed until the 15th

day of February, 1890, at the same hour and

place.

JAMES H. BENSON, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Regina, Feb. 1, 1890.

The above sale is further postponed un-  
til Saturday the 15th day of March, 1890, at  
the same hour and place.

JAS. H. BENSON, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Regina, Feb. 18, 1890.

The above sale is further postponed until

Saturday the 15th day of March, 1890, at

the same hour and place.

JAMES H. BENSON, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Regina, March 2nd, 1890.

The above sale has been further post-  
poned until Saturday the 15th day of

April, 1890, at the same hour and place.

Dated, Sheriff's Office, Regina, April 4th,

1890. J. H. BENSON, Sheriff.

The above sale has been further post-  
poned until Saturday, the third day of

May, A. D. 1890, at the same hour and

place.

Dated, April 19th, 1890, Sheriff's

Office, Regina, N. W. T.

JAS. H. BENSON, Sheriff.

The above sale has been further post-  
poned until Saturday the 17th day of

May, A. D. 1890, at the same hour

and place.

Dated May 3rd, 1890, Sheriff's

Office, Regina, N. W. T.

JAS. H. BENSON, Sheriff.

## CATTLE HERDED.

The undersigned wishes to inform the  
people of Moose Jaw and vicinity that he  
will start a herd of cattle on May 1st. All  
cattle must be branded before accepted.  
Abundance of good feed and water and care-  
ful handling provided. Terms \$1.00 per  
head for season. T. E. McWILLIAMS.

## NEW FIRM!

## BATE & FERGUSON,

BUTCHERS.

CHEAPEST MEATS of all kinds

on hand.

Main Street, Moose Jaw

I wish to thank the people of Moose Jaw

for their liberal patronage, and in future

you will find me on the opposite side of the

street, and will always be glad to see you.

HARRY BATE, manager.

St. John's College School,

QU'APPELLE STATION, ASSA.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS

Classical and Commercial Education;  
Pupils prepared for Teachers' University  
and other examinations; the new building  
which is furnished with every requisite will  
be opened on MAY 3rd, 1890.

For prospectus and terms apply to

REV. H. NICOLLS,

Qu'Appelle Station, Assa.

51

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS marked "The Mounted  
Police" must be deposited with the  
undersigned at the office of the Minister of  
Interior, Ottawa, Canada, on or before  
Tuesday, 20th June, 1890.

For full particulars of the work to be done  
and the conditions of tender, see the  
specifications and plans deposited at the  
office of the undersigned, and at the  
office of the Minister of Interior, Ottawa,  
Canada.

No tender will be received unless made on  
the printed form.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily  
accepted.

Each tender must be accompanied by an  
accepted Canadian bank cheque for an amount  
equal to the sum of the tender, which will be  
forfeited if the party declining to accept the  
contract, or if the tender is not accepted.

No payment will be made to tenderers in  
accepting the lowest tender, without authority  
having been first obtained.

FRED WHITE,

Commissioner N. W. M. Police,

Ottawa, April 22nd, 1890.

SHERIFF'S SALE

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES,  
Judicial District of Western

TO WIT:

By Richard A. Wright, Esq., Sheriff, issued  
at the High Court of Justice, Regina, Regina  
District, at the suit of Jefferson Davies  
Williams and Juliet Felt and to the sheriff  
against the said and defendants ELEANOR  
C. B. DAVIES, I have return and taken  
into execution all the right, title and interest  
of the said ELEANOR C. B. DAVIES, and in  
the following lands and tenements, viz:

The north-east quarter of Section Twenty  
nine (29) in Township Sixteen (16) in Range  
Twenty six (26) west of the second principal  
meridian, in the North West Territories  
which said right, title and interest I shall  
hereby sell by public auction, to the highest  
bidder, on the 15th day of March, 1890, at  
my office in the—

COURT HOUSE, IN

The Town of Regina,

at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.

The above sale is postponed until the 15th

day of February, 1890, at the same hour and

place.

JAMES H. BENSON, Sheriff.

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Dated May 3rd, 1890, Sheriff's

Office, Regina, N. W. T.

JAS. H. BENSON, Sheriff.

## Don't Forget to Call at

## F. G. HEALEY'S

FRUIT & CONFECTIONERY

The only First-class Dealer in

the City. Full line always

on hand.

ALL KINDS OF SOFT DRINKS IN

Connection.

FRIDAY, MAY 9 1890

THE INDIANS

For some time past complaints have

been made to the Indian Department,

by the farmers south of Moose Jaw,

regarding the damage and annoyance

caused by the ponies belonging to the

Indians camped along their river. These

Indians are a part of the American

Siox tribe who were implicated in the

Indian troubles in Dakota, under Sit-  
ting Bull, some years ago, and fled across  
the border into Canada after the "Custer  
fight". On their arrival they were

assured of the protection of the Cana-  
dian Government, and have since been

allowed to roam at will over the coun-  
try and support themselves as best they

could. Offers of assistance have been

made to them by the Department, which

they always refused, preferring to be

independent and live their old free

Indian life. They have steadily re-  
fused to return to the United States and

go on the reservation, as they fear pun-  
ishment for their former misdeeds.

For the past five years they have been

camped along the Moose Jaw river, and

have subsisted by hunting, polishing

horns and doing odd jobs of work around

town. They are a superior class of

Indians, being quiet, inoffensive and

moor. They number about one hun-  
dred souls, have twenty-five lodges,

and about two hundred ponies. Late-  
ly discussions and jealousies have

arisen in the lodges and some of the  
younger and more ambitious among  
the Indians have refused to recognize  
the authority of their rightful chief,

"Black Bull" and withdrawn from his  
control. On Tuesday Mr. A. E. For-  
get, Assistant Indian Commissioner,  
came up from Regina and accom-  
panied by Mr. J. H. Ross M. L. A.

went out to the camp and held a meet-  
ing of the band, to see what could be  
done towards inducing them to remove  
their horses, where they would not be  
an annoyance to the Government.

Mr. Forgive explained to them, through Mr. E.  
Aspin, an interpreter, that he had  
come to treat with them, in their own  
interest as well as in the interest

of the white settlers; that their  
horses were committing damage to the  
crops of the settlers, and must be re-  
moved at once; that he did not wish to  
adopt any harsh measures with them,  
but would supply the Indians with pro-  
visions during the time they were herding  
the horses. They agreed to do,  
and promised to remove the horses  
within five days, and keep them away  
until after harvest. Mr. Forgive offered  
as an inducement for them to return  
to their own reserve, to send two or  
three of their number as a delegation  
to the United States, with a guarantee  
of safety from the Canadian Govern-  
ment, who would on their return be  
able to report to the land and matters  
stated regarding them. This proposal  
they promised to consider. On  
being asked what they proposed doing  
in the future when all the land was  
occupied by white settlers, they only  
smiled







**DOMINION PARLIAMENT.**

## DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

The following divorce bills were read a second time, on division of 64 yeas and 21 nays:

For the relief of Hugh Forbes Keefe for the relief of Christian Filman Glover.

Mr. Moncrieff moved the second reading of the Bill for the relief of Emily Thompson.

Sir John Thompson called attention to the peculiarity of this Bill. In this case the prominent cause which Protestants considered essential to divorce was that the wife had been previously married, and was well aware of that fact. Subsequently she discovered that her husband was not as able to keep her as she supposed. On this ground only she asked for a divorce, and it was a case which would be more stigmatized in those countries where there was laxity of discipline in the matter of marriage than

Mr. Mitchell said this was a clear case in which the woman should get the divorce as applied for.

Mr. Tisdale said the defect of this bill was that it struck strongly against the country divorce courts. To reiterate this marriage would be a legal outrage. This would mean women was under the legal age and it was necessary to make any other contract binding.

Mr. McDonald said he could not support this bill. It would be a great demoralization to this country and promote immorality. He said he would vote against it because in principle of the law of the

ally be granted for adultery. There was a great deal to be said in favor of the attitude of the Catholic Church against divorce altogether, but he took the Scriptural view as his basis and would not be granted relief by any one reason. It was said that the refusal to grant this bill would lead to a demand for a divorce court. He was opposed to the establishment of a divorce court, because it would be a bad precedent set according to the law. He looked at this horror upon anything like the laxity at all would be produced by not sticking to a rule that marriage should be indissoluble. Mr. Davies said that this was a case in which Parliament should refuse to grant relief.

Mr. Weldon (St. John) said that such a case as this could never be sanctioned by him. The House divided on motion for this six

Senator's host, which was carried on a division of 70 yeas and 30 nays.

The bill was then taken up for a second reading of the Act to amend the Act for the prevention and suppression of combinations formed in restraint of trade.

The bill was read a second time and referred to committee.

Mr. Brin moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Franchises Act, which proposed to reduce the income qualification from \$300 to \$250.

Mr. John Macdonald said it was impossible for him to oppose through this session. He moved in amendment the six months' hiatus.

The amendment was carried.

Mr. Speaker announced that having been notified by the Minister for Quebec, East Canada at the member for Kent, N. B., had resigned his seat by accepting office under the Government, he had issued a warrant

Sir Richard Cartwright asked the Finance Minister for an estimate of the increase of revenue that would result from the raising of the duty on alcoholic liquors from 51 7/8 to 52 per gallon.

The Mr. Foster said that the officers of the department calculated that the increase would be \$20,000.

Sir Richard Cartwright said that the Government would not, of course, show as much about brandy and spirits as he did with his colleagues. He disputed the accuracy of the estimate. At present Canada imported 600,000 gallons of spirits,

and amount to \$200,000. Taking into consideration the removal of the starting point to 15 degrees below proof, the total increase could not be less than \$500,000. The Government of Canada had not, however, expected to find the Minister of Finance in the guise of a full-grown protectionist of the industry of manufacturing alcoholic liquors. This was a curious turn of events, for the Minister had previously stated that the industry of the province, which required that liquors should be kept for two years, instead of being an industry, was an enormous protection to the distillers, as it gave them a monopoly of the trade. Besides that, they were not a real industry, for the value of the product increased in value as it grew older. He could not see how the temperance supporters of the Minister of Finance could countenance the heavy increase of duty on the necessities of the industry which

Mr. Jones (Halifax) said the Finance Minister wished to protect the manufacturers of whiskey by imposing a duty on imported spirits. It was his duty on foreign articles, but allowing the domestic duty to remain as it was before, consequently placing the manufacturers in a more favorable position. It was well the country should realize that there was a tariff on spirits. The Finance Minister would take at least \$400,000 more out of the pockets of the taxpayers of this country.

Mr. Mills congratulated the hon. gentleman on his prohibition on the other side of the House on the altered sentiments he appeared to entertain at the present time. It was a very remarkable thing at those hon. gentlemen should favor a heavy tax on brewers and distillers, and not the owners of the windmill and

plan, and that they should favor a tariff which encouraged the manufacture of spirits in Canada. He was quite sure that the majority of Canadian gentlemen would appreciate the earnestness with which they had hitherto supported the cause of prohibition. He would be glad to learn where they had got the new light, because those on the Liberal side he thought did not know it.

Mr. Foster: You will never get it to go.

Mr. Miller—No, sir, we don't want to get it or spirits up by pouring it parts down. It is a new departure on the part of the advocates of prohibition or temperance. I think it is a mistake. It is not necessary to adopt a policy of encouraging the manufacture of spirits in Canada.

Mr. Foster said there was no article in Canada which bore a higher tax than intoxicating liquor. The best tax that there was

proposed would add \$400,000 to the extra taxes. The matter of temperance was, he thought, more closely connected with the consumption of alcoholic liquors rather than with the manufacture of them.

Mr. Freeman replied to the criticisms of Mr. Mills, and declared if he brought in a measure for prohibition the members on that side would support him.

Mr. Mills—I have tried you, and you could not do it.

Sir Richard Cartwright remarked that

[illegible]

man rights. As he understood it, there were to be two more sessions of this Parliament, and he was not sure whether the Government could not help themselves in this, because if a general election were to be held, the Government would have to provide a great deal of dissatisfaction in the provinces which were destined to increase representation. He would not say whether there would have to be another general election after the redistribution. He warned the members on the other side that if they did not get on, they were not yet gerry-mandered out of their seats when a redistribution took place. He said that he was not sure of Mr. Mitchell's equity: "My only constitutional answer is, I am not authorized by the House to say whether or not I will announce how the prerogative of the Crown will be exercised in this regard."

Mr. Mitchell was unable to complain to the Secretary of State upon his motion. The Franchise Act contained no provision for a new redistribution, and it was workeable that it ought to be repealed and replaced. There were no less than six bills on the subject, and he hoped that one would be passed last year.

[illegible]

possibly took the hint gentlemen had set out to make a dash for the door of Mr. Chaplain moved that the first section be amended to read: "The natural source of any farmer's son from the residence of his father or mother for a period of one year shall be such as to be in the opinion of the list shall not disqualify him, be added by adding the words, "Or a son of the owner of real property other than a mer."

The motion was carried.

Mr. Chaplain moved that the words after the word "Act" be struck out and the following added: "And the words 'the owner of real property' in amending the same are hereby re-

The amendment was put and lost.

Mr. Somerville asked in what way the existing Bureau had failed that it became necessary that these lists still be printed.

Mr. Chaplain said the chief difficulty in the transferring of these lists from the Bureau to the county clerk had been pointed out by the revising officers.

At that time there were 14,000 supplementary

Mr. Bonville said the same objection referred to the printing of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Government was raised when they objected to the establishment of the present Ministry. He thought the first letter would be printed in Ottawa.

Mr. Chapleau answered in the affirmative. He then tried to aid a new clause providing that there shall be no revision during the year 1900, and the present lists shall stand until the next election. Mr. Davies said there must be a clear understanding that the Government does not intend to change the present election law for the present list.

The clause was adopted.

Mr. Macpherson moved and claimed that the Government was for a new car for the Governor-General was for a new car to replace the one which had been used by the Governor-General himself would contribute 3 per cent. to the cost and to the balance of the cost.

Mr. Mulock protested against the expenditure as unjustifiable.

Isidore Mer.

Mr. Robinson - Will Thomas I am sorry

re bade yourself with joy when Miss  
Charlotte accepted you?  
"Thomas! No, exactly, but I was beside  
for some time afterward."

**At the Dining Room.**  
How do you feel? " asked the Living  
lives of the Past Boy, as the morning  
information began to filter in.  
"I am well," was the reply.

**Tea Time.**  
Mrs. Youngville—Did you ever try any  
my biscuits, John?  
"Judge—No, I never did; but I dare say  
y deserve it."

**Evening, Ten O'Clock.**  
Charlotte—See how the  
Gravel-ers in Wyoming at the rate of \$2.50  
per acre.  
"Merriman—No, as they are not married  
yet, they will be well to pay it."

**The Machine in the Forest.**  
"Would you like to leave?" said the  
man-chopper to the young tree.  
"I don't know but I would," answered  
the young tree, "but I am not ready to  
leave home."

With a hick?"

"I guess so," said the shopper, "seeing we've only got one small trunk."—*Park.*

**A Wise Provision.**

With a tariff six hours later, the American poster will grow half an hour earlier than usual, thus saving the honest farmer more time for his day's work.—*Courier Journal.*

**The ex-Queen of Naples** has stables in the Champs Elysees and at Chantilly, and uses horses under an assumed name.

**Andrew Campbell**, founder of the printing press company bearing his name, died in a Brooklyn ambulance Sunday night. He had been stricken by heart disease on the road. He was 59 years old.

**DOMINION PARLIAMENT.**

not a stroked teaspoonful of hardwood shes on the grain ration of each horse twice a week. I would hardly undertake

raise swine without wood ashes and charcoal. We mix with them salt, and keep the mixture before the swine all the time. When it is continually before them they will not eat anything else. If the swine eat ashes from the bones fire is not enough, but burn a brush pile or some other rubbish, and brown it over the fire to get a good bed of charcoal. Hardwood ashes are excellent for this purpose when on green grass.

Adams County, Ill. J. M. S.

**Favoring Turnips for Seed.**

When topping the turnips for storage this fall, let the farmer's wife who wishes to increase her pin money or account at the savings bank, take a bushel of wood ashes with her broom on and trp not cut too close for future growth. Bet these seeds where this cock will not find them. Next spring plant them to seed. Greens are not needed to get the seed to sell. I sometimes see a bushel of turnip seed for sale.

**THE CROWN CASE.**  
Lunze and Woodruff Liberated—Threats of New Revelations.  
A yesterday's Chicago dispatch says: Late Attorney Logenacker has had the state's attorney John H. Knott's strikes from Judge Hines' docket. Knott has been out of the city ever since Judge McConnell granted the young Crown suspect a new trial. The state's Attorney believed that it would be useless to prosecute the German.  
Frank J. Macis, alias Frank Woodruff, a Chicagoan, who has occupied cell in the county jail almost a year, was charged on the charge of murder by Judge Haws. Attorney Browne and counsel for Woodruff, claimed that their

more than nine months and had not been given a trial. According to the law, he said, he should be given a trial or discharged.

"Fast in," the State's prosecutor admitted, "I cannot try him for murder, as he ought to be kept in jail as long as possible on general principles. Such a liar as Woodruff is better off in the cage than out, where he would charge me up with anything with him, but he'll go on for years stealing."

State Attorney Longenecker said he knew he took Cronin's body away from the hospital, but he had learned to slight the law. "I am not a lawyer," he said, "but at this man was none other than J. B. McDonald, who has been so eagerly wanted," he said McDonald suddenly and seasonally got long ago in an eastern city. "He is also said to be in Wisconsin lately and naturally in Wisconsin place."

These facts have come out in consequence, it is claimed, of the misdirection of the defense of the Chinamen murderers. The relatives of Sullivan, the iceman, and Dan Coughlin have been compelled to mortgage their property to raise the necessary funds to pay legal expenses and have now been forced to tell what they know. Should they do so, it is confidently anticipated those of the conspirators now out of jail will soon find themselves in a bad box.

ashington, who were arrested and tried for coming into the United States in violation of the laws of the United States. I am recommended, in accordance with a suggestion from the Secretary of State, that notwithstanding the presumption that the Chinese entered the United States in violation of the laws, they be returned to China at the Government's expense, for the reason that the men could not be returned to British territory without payment of a head tax of \$60 each, and even if they might probably again be returned to the United States by the same officers and return to this country. Secretary Windom has adopted the recommendation, and has instructed the Collector of Customs at Port Townsend to see that the men are returned to China, either by their own vessel or by other vessel bound direct for that country without touching at any American port en route.

**A Duchess as a Flat-Catcher.**  
The Duchess of Hamilton, besides ranking one of the most fearless riders to horse in Great Britain, is a keen sportsman. Not only is she an excellent shot, but she may frequently be seen on her husband's land armed with a metal-pointed stick, and followed by a few clever-looking hounds which disperse the rats which are bolted "by the pole of her cane.—London Letter.

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**The Thon Among the Roses.**  
Minnie—So you and Will are engaged?  
Dorothy—Yes, dear, allow me to wish you all the happiness.  
Minnie—Thank you, dear.  
Minnie—Oh, you needn't thank me. I am not wishing you so very much. I merely wished you all the happiness possible.

**Circumstances Alter Cases.**

He—"What would you have done if I had married you?"

She—"Picked up some other fellow, I suppose."

He—"But you told me that you could never love anybody but me."

She—"That was before we were married."

**The Brute!**

"Speaking of wife-beaters," remarked Corbale, "McCorkle beats his last even-tempered wife."

"You don't tell me!" exclaimed Mrs. Corbale indignantly.

"Yes, beat her four games of checkers."

**Keeping Things Warm for Him.**

"It was a fearful night—cold as the Arctic regions," said the woman, "and I was

regions. "The Tumans were two hours  
reading his case." "You must have been nearly frozen."  
"Oo, no I was covered by two six-  
shooters."  
Perhaps He Knew Her.  
Mrs. Cumso (reading)—A woman of  
frozen county has just died at the age of  
17.  
Cumso—Does it say what ballet com-  
pany she belonged to?  
An Expert's Opinion.  
Bobby—Why do they have that big  
interior in front of the engine, papa?  
Papa (with memories of the past)—To  
arrange travelling orders, Bobby.  
—The mannish girl will carry a black-  
board.

The pet names of the four baby states are as follows: North Dakota is the "Flintkistler State," South Dakota is the "Swing State," Washington is the "Chinook State" and Montana is the "Stubbed Toe State." These characterizations will be short lived. They don't compare well with the "Empire," "Key-stone," "Pine-tree," "Green Mountain" and similarly accepted appellations of the older States.

—Bastards grow up have buckles.

Mr. Blake pointed out that the hon.

member for Quebec's Concomy constituency, who had been in attendance at Adams' meeting, said that he had been told by the lumbermen that the tax was what he called "deadly poison," whilst the Minister of Finance denigrated for the consumption and not the manufacture.

The item passed.

Mr. Davies directed the attention of the Minister of Finance to the duties on pork, arguing that no protection was afforded the farmer at all. The clear pork had to pay a duty of 14 cents, whilst on dressed pork there was a duty of 10 to be heard. The farmer, instead of buying meat pork from the farmer, were going to purchase the clear pork, which only paid a duty of 11 cents. Where was the protection in that?

Mr. Richards said pork was the only article in regard to which the farmers of Quebec received protection.

Mr. Cook stated that the lumbermen

Mr. Sprule said some people talked as if pork was the only thing lumbermen could eat. If this they did the lumbermen could vary by increasing the price of pork to the value of the value of the lumber. It would be a value of one of their products. He thought the Government should put a duty of 3 cents a pound all round on meat. Mr. McMillan said that if hogs were to be allowed to come in at 33 per cent. it was all right. Mr. Heesen made a demand for more protection to the farmer, and said that it should be 40 per cent.

Mr. Davies said that the increased duty on pork was the only proposed duty on potatoes. It would shut out altogether the potato products of Prince Edward Island. Unless this article were protected such an extent as would give the

they would suffer considerably. Half a pound on pork was no protection whatever.

Mr. White (Renfrew) asked the Minister of Agriculture to define what was meant by these porks.

Mr. Foster asked that the discussion be postponed so that the Government might take into consideration the question of devaluation.

Mr. McWilliam, on motion for the second reading of the tariff resolution, moved in amendment that the resolution be referred to the committee for the purpose of examining the question of an embargo on hogs.

He said that the fact that it was proposed that a syndicate had been formed for the purpose of buying up the manufacture of binding twine and cordage should be sufficient to induce the Government to take into consideration the question of an embargo on hogs.

The House divided on the amendment, and the result was—

Rich was lost on a vote of 44 yeas and 85 nays.

Mr. Charlton said that there was another subject to which, in the public interest, attention should be given. He moved the resolution be referred back with instructions to remove the duty on nursery stock.

Lost on division.

The House went into Committee of Supply.

Mr. McMillan charged that the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa was being run on an entirely wrong system, so as to be of no practical use to farmers.

Mr. Rowand said the Experimental Farm was a complete farce.

Mr. Carling said the farm was as yet in its infancy, and would eventually be of great value to the farming community.

Mr. Wallace moved by consent the third reading of the Anti Combines Bill, in order

The Bill was read a third time. The bill repealing the electoral franchise was read a second time and the House went to committee on it.

Mr. Chaplain announced that it was the wish of himself and colleagues that the opinion of the voters' lists was not necessary this year. This, he believed, would meet with the approval of both sides of the House. Outside of the expenditure which would be incurred on the part of the Government, there was a large expenditure on the part of candidates and the public. This Parliament had not reached the end of its duration, because under ordinary circumstances would continue till the end of the year. The Government would not be able to continue, and a new election would have to be issued for the general election. Before the natural expiration of Parliament an important event must take place. The census must be

by a re-adjustment of representation. During the present year the local elections will take place in two of the largest Provinces, at the very time that the revision of the constitution is being considered. We therefore do not think the House will desire that the lists should be revised this year. For the purpose of economy, we thought the Government might announce a principle, printing up the lists for a season. There were mistaken for reasons. In the first place the printing establishment, although in existence a year and a half, was not in a complete state, and in the second place the Government had no intention of making any change to be made in the lists. It must be remembered that there were 7,000 polling districts, and whilst the number of voters in 1895 was 900,000, to day there are a little over a million. There appears to be a large number of those who

Printing Department had to cope with the greatest difficulties. One of the clauses in this Act provided that in the future the supplementary lists were to be printed in the printing offices in each district to print off under instructions and according to rates from the Queen's printer. He pointed out that the lists were more plentiful than they ever were before. Under the old system the printer had to print the lists at his own expense. Formerly the revising officer was obliged to post three lists in conspicuous places. For this purpose 21,900 lists were required, and he was informed that the expenditure for posting was amounting to the sum of £13,600. The expense was very large. There were 215 constituencies and the number of revising officers was 170. The average salary was £400 per annum. He pointed out that the cost of the printing was £13,600, which was a considerable expense for which the Act

nditure might be reduced.

Mr. Jones (Helfer)—Abolish the Act.

Mr. Chapin—We might also abolish the Act. It is a very bad thing to have money. One plan to reduce the expenditure would be to increase the size of the electoral districts, or as the difficulty of character of their duties decreased the more the Act becomes known the salaries of the members would be reduced. It would only effect a saving of half a cent on the present price of three cents a line for printing the lists, it would mean a saving the smallest supplementary list, that came to be removed, of between \$100,000 and \$200,000.

Mr. Jones—The members of the Liberal and Conservative papers alike are in view of the large expenditure the electoral system of revision would be preferable. He had it, however, on the subject of the most prominent trade of the country.

Mr. Laurier said it appeared after all they were not to have a revision of the laws this year, although the Prime Minister had said all intents and purposes declared there could be. They were informed, although the law provided there should be a revision every year, the Act solemnly put on the statute book should be still further amended, and the revision deferred for another year. The more they looked at this Act, the more

man right. As he understood it, there were to be two more sessions of this Parliament before an election took place. The Government could not help themselves in this, but they would do their best to make the best use of the time. As far as the House was concerned, if a census were made, there would be a great deal of dissatisfaction in the provinces which were entitled to increased representation. In order to meet this, therefore, there would have to be a redistribution of seats. The Government was not prepared to do this. He warned the members on the other side of the House to look out that they were not gerry-mandered out of their seats when a redistribution took place.

MR. MITCHELL: I have said that the Governor's answer to my question was that the Governor's answer is, I am not authorized by His Excellency the Governor General to announce how the prerogative of the Crown will be exercised in this regard.

lashed up the barrel of the gun, oiling the lock, and furnishing a stock, but they were not to be used. The barrel was so long that it should be hung up in the hall, and it was not to be allowed to shoot. After the danger was tried three years ago it was arranged it should not shoot for three years. The barrel was hung up in the hall, and was used upon pressure from behind. The matter was unjust, expensive and unnecessary. He was surprised that the hunter for Brant, with his usual fairness, complained of the arrangements, since he was not to be allowed to shoot for three years and could not be made good, and the impossible task he was given out of set himself was to make a milk parrot out of a cat's ear.

The hapless moved that the first sentence, which provides that the occasional presence of any farmer's son from the residence of his father or mother for a period

Mr. Somerville said the same objection was made to the printing of the main lists at Lawrence, and facts proved that the Opposition were right when they objected to the establishment of the present method. He stated if all the fiscal lists would be printed at Ottawa.

Mr. Chapleau answered in the affirmative. He then moved to add a new clause providing that there shall be no revision during the year 1900, and the present lists shall remain in force till 1901.

Mr. Davies said there must be a clear understanding that the Government does not intend to hold the general election in 1900.

The clause was adopted.

Mr. John Macdonald explained that the sum of \$14,000 for a car for the Governor-General was for a new car; to replace the one which was destroyed by fire.

Mr. Macdonald said that the Governor-General himself was

Judge-No, I never did; but I dare say  
by deservs it.

Lachung, Wet Rich.

Graves—I see they propose to tax  
beholders in Wyoming at the rate of \$2.50  
per year.

Merriman—Well, as they are not married  
yet, they can afford to pay it.

The Hackman in the Forest.

"Would you like to leave?" said the  
old chopper to the young tree.

"I don't know but I woud," answered  
the young tree. "Can you take me down  
with this hatch?"

"I guess so," said the chopper, "seeing  
you're only got one small trunk."—*Pack.*

A Wise Provision.

With a tariff tax on eggs, the American

The ex-Queen of Naples has stables in the Champs Elysees and at Chantilly, and owns horses under an assumed name.

Andrew Campbell, founder of the printing company bearing his name, died in a Brooklyn ambulance Sunday night. He had been attacked by heart disease on the street. He was 69 years old.



# THE CANADA PERMANENT LOAN & SAVINGS CO.

Is now prepared to receive applications  
for Loans in the town of Moose Jaw  
and Moose Jaw District. Loans  
made on Improved

**F A R M S**  
and First class  
**TOWN - PROPERTY.**

For further particulars apply to  
**WM. GRAYSON,**  
Agent.

## TOWN LOCALS.

FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1908.

Mr. J. G. Gordon has removed his  
law office to High street, west.

Mr. J. Upex has gone to Broadway,  
to take a position on the C. P. R.

Mr. Macleod who has improved some  
weeks ago by a bronchitis, is able to  
go again.

8-10 Cent \$7.00 per ton at J. T. Simpson's.

Prairie fires are raging in the vicinity  
of Calgary and McLeod.

Arrangements are about completed  
for the Japanese entertainment, to be  
given in a few days. See posters for  
further particulars.

Due to Bellamy for the Celebrated Derby  
Organ, Kraus' Piano and White Sewing  
Machine.

Nepawa will celebrate the 24th of  
May by a monster paper boat race, in  
which all the neighboring municipalities will  
take part.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO LADIES. Just received,  
a very fine assortment of Silverware at  
J. M. ALEX'S Jewellery Store. Call and see it.

The number of adult immigrants,  
who landed in Manitoba and the North  
West, during the month of April was  
1878.

All persons having farms to sell or  
to rent are requested to hand in all  
particulars to Seymour N. de P. Green  
general agent, case Jaw-42.

Mr. R. Baxter returned on Satur-  
day evening from the west, where he  
has been engaged for about a month  
in plowing the C. P. R. gardens.

The new dwelling house of Mr. J.  
N. McLeod, on River street is being  
pushed rapidly forward and will, when  
completed add to the appearance of  
the western part of the town.

FOUR SALE—A House and Lot—will be  
sold very cheap. A Possession given April 1,  
for further particulars apply to  
H. C. BAYFELL, Moose Jaw.

Mr. William Walsh on Tuesday  
evening for Chelmsford, where he  
will purchase a car of horses for the  
Moose Jaw market.

Mr. J. R. Wilson returned on Sat-  
urday evening from Saskatoon, and  
states that work is being pushed on  
rapidly at the end of the track. In a  
fortnight the sound of the whistle will  
be heard in Saskatoon, from there the  
road will be pushed on to Prince Albert.

WANTED—Class in Music. Call on  
Miss Ada Hunt, at Mrs. Lillis's, Moose  
Jaw. Piano taught.

In the Supplementary estimates  
brought down in the House of Com-  
mons, on Tuesday, there is an appropri-  
ation of 200,000 for immigration purposes  
for Manitoba and the Western Terri-  
tories.

Although yesterday (Arbor Day) was  
not generally observed as a holiday by  
our citizens, a considerable number of  
trees were planted. In the majority  
of cases the trees planted were of a bet-  
ter kind, and put in with greater care  
than last year. There is very little  
in planting out trees, unless they are  
care taken of them after they are  
planted.

Mr. J. Dunlop, accompanied by Mr.  
R. L. Alexander, returned on Tues-  
day from a trip through the country  
south of Moose Jaw where they had  
gone to look for a suitable place for  
ranching, not finding any suitable  
place Mr. Dunlop started out on Thurs-  
day to explore the country in the vicinity  
of Old Wives' Lake. He intends if  
a suitable place can be procured to go  
extensively into mixed ranching.

A meeting was held on Tuesday  
evening, to arrange for a celebration in  
Moose Jaw, of the Queen's birthday. It  
was decided that owing to the short-  
ness of the time intervening that it  
would not be possible to make the  
event more than local. A committee  
was appointed to convey the sports for  
the day. The result of their efforts  
will be made known shortly by posters.

What is the matter with our Base-  
ball Club? The baseball season has  
opened, other clubs have organized  
and commenced practice. Although  
all the members of the Moose Jaw Club  
of last year, are still in town, nothing  
has been done by them towards get-  
ting into shape for this season. Some-  
body is to blame, and we hope they  
will show their appreciation of the  
heavy support given them last season  
by the citizens, by going to work at  
once and retaining the cup in Moose  
Jaw for another year. Boys, get your  
"Baseball move on."

The annual sale and tea, under the  
auspices of the Ladies' Guild, of St.  
John the Baptist Church, held in the  
Bellamy hall on Wednesday evening,  
was a grand success. A large number  
of beautiful and useful articles, made  
by the Ladies of the Guild, found ready  
purchasers at good prices. The tea was  
got up in first class style, and was much  
enjoyed by those present. The pro-  
ceeds of the sale and tea amounted to  
about \$170 which will be devoted to  
church purposes.

Mr. Benj. Smith of 20-17-27, speaks  
in very high terms of the machine which  
he uses for killing gophers, on his farm.  
The machine is a very simple contriv-  
ance for lancing gophers and punning  
the sulphurous gas into the gopher hole,  
thus causing death from suffocation.  
He will be pleased to show the machine  
and explain its working to anyone who  
will call on either him or J. W. McIn-  
tosh, to whom orders may be given by  
parcels wishing to procure machines.  
Mr. Smith says the machine is sure  
death to the gophers.

Mr. R. L. Alexander's alphabetical  
and indexed directory of the town and  
district of Moose Jaw is now com-  
pleted. It is a very complete and ac-  
curate list of the names of the settlers  
in the district with the Sec. Tp. and  
Range of each, the names and occupa-  
tion of each resident in the town, and  
other useful information regarding the  
history and development of this part  
of the North West. Mr. Alexander  
must have spent a good deal of time  
and gone to considerable trouble in  
collecting the information contained  
in the work. Copies may be obtained  
from Mr. Alexander at 50 cents each.

Rev. Dr. Spaulding's lecture on  
Thursday evening was not very largely  
attended, but those who were there  
enjoyed it very much. Dr. Spaulding is  
Principal of McGill College, Wind-  
sor, and it is in the interests of that in-  
stitution that he is in the west. He  
traced the origin and development of  
the idea of a College in the Mani-  
toba and North West Conference,  
and showed the absolute necessity that  
ministers of the present day be men of  
education and culture. He declared  
in most explicit terms in favor of a  
public school system and one language  
from ocean to ocean. He reported  
that he was meeting with very gratify-  
ing success in his efforts to raise money  
for the College and had received a gen-  
erous response to every appeal made to  
the people for assistance. The amount  
raised by the Moose Jaw congrega-  
tion was with the collection of last  
nightly met.

Dr. Orzechowski, High Chief Ranger  
of the Independent Order of Foresters,  
addressed a public meeting in Bellamy's  
Hall on Saturday afternoon, in the in-  
terests of the order. The Dr. who is a  
half blooded Indian of the Six Nations,  
or Iroquois Tribe, is an example of what  
education can do for the Indian race.  
He is one of the few Indians known by  
H. R. H. the Prince of Wales to Eng-  
land and elected. He returned to Cana-  
da and practiced his profession in Bran-  
ford, London and Buffalo, but now re-  
sides in Toronto and devotes the whole  
of his time to the supervision of the  
Courts of the I. O. F. As a speaker  
he is graceful and fluent, and has a fine  
appearance on the platform. He was on  
his way east, after tour through the  
Western States and Territories. He  
advanced some strong arguments in  
favor of his order as a fraternal and  
benevolent institution.

A movement is on foot among the  
clerks in the stores of Moose Jaw, to  
try and induce the merchants to agree  
to close their shops at 7 o'clock instead  
of 8, as at present, for the summer  
months. We need no great objection to  
this provided all the merchants in town  
enter into the agreement and stick to it.  
Certainly these young men need some  
recreation and outside exercise, after  
being shut up in a shop all day,  
during the warm weather, and should  
be given a chance to engage in some of  
the out door sports of the season. We  
are sure their employers would be benef-  
ited by the increased vigor with which  
they would go about their work during  
the day. The objection is raised that  
the country people often come into  
town to do their shopping in the evening,  
but this difficulty could be got over  
by having the stores open up  
on Wednesday and Saturday evenings  
later. We hope that the merchants  
will see their way clear to agree to the  
request of the young men. Merchants  
in other towns have tried the experi-  
ment, with good results.

The Canadian Pacific railway earnings  
for the week ending April 24th were \$337,000;  
for the same week last year \$327,000.

Thirteen thousand 1875 have over 400  
acres of wheat and 100 acres of other  
grain sown this season.

The Moose Jaw Brass Band are preparing  
for a grand concert on the evening of the  
Queen's birthday. A good time is promised.

Communion services were held in the Meth-  
odist Church last Sunday. Rev. S. J. Taylor,  
of the Presbyterian Church preached in the  
morning and Dr. McLean in the evening.

A man belonging to Mr. E. Galt was  
struck by the engine of No. 1 express, on  
Monday morning, and injured so badly that  
he had to be killed. No blame can be  
attached to engineer Moore, as he did his  
best to stop the train in time to prevent the  
accident.

Next Tuesday being Ascension day Ser-  
vices will be held in St. John the Baptist  
Church at 11 a.m. Holy Communion will  
be at 8 p.m. Confirmation Services will be  
held by Bishop Amos Qu Appelle, at which  
a number of adults will be confirmed.

A convention of delegates from all parts  
of the North West Territory will be held at  
Medicine Hat on Tuesday, June 2, for the  
purpose of discussing questions of impor-  
tance to the North West with a view of de-  
termining some united action to be taken in  
future by the Territories. Each constituency of  
the North West Assembly will be asked to  
send four delegates.

The first installment of settlers brought  
out from England by the Canada Co. im-  
migration Colonization company, numbering six-  
ty-eight persons, in charge of J. E. Craddock  
arrived at Indian Head on Sunday evening  
and were handed over to Mr. W. B. Shup-  
ard, the manager, who spared no pains to  
give them a cordial reception. The party  
left Liverpool nearly ready for the language of  
the Indians. The title of the work is  
"Grammar and Dictionary of the Blackfoot  
Language, with Comparative notes on the  
Cree and Ojibway Languages."

We have had the pleasure of examining  
the manuscript of Rev. Dr. McLean's Gram-  
mar and Dictionary of the Blackfoot Lan-  
guage, upon which he has been engaged for  
the past nine years. He began the prepa-  
ration of this work in 1890, and has had  
the manuscript nearly ready for the printer for  
the past two years, but owing to the pres-  
sure of other work has had to lay it aside.  
He is now engaged in making the final re-  
vision of the book, and expects to have it  
ready for the printer in six weeks. It is a  
very elaborate work and will reveal many  
important facts relating to the language of  
the Indians. The title of the work is  
"Grammar and Dictionary of the Blackfoot  
Language, with Comparative notes on the  
Cree and Ojibway Languages."

Mr. E. L. Harvey will preach in the  
Methodist Church, next Sunday morning  
and evening. Dr. McLean, the pastor will  
be absent on a visit to the P. M. Colony at  
Yorkton.

The regular meeting of the Moose Jaw  
School Board was held in the Board room  
on Friday evening, May 2nd. Present, Dr.  
Turnbull, Messrs. McInnagh, Robinson, Mc-  
Donald. In the absence of Chairman Ham-  
mond Dr. Turnbull was appointed chairman of  
the meeting. The following accounts were  
read and ordered to be paid on being ver-  
ified correct by the chairman: Russell Wil-  
son, \$4.00 for water supplied to schoolroom in  
months of Sept. Oct. Nov. and Dec. 1897;  
J. T. Simpson, \$2.00 for rent of J. Bellamy  
\$1.00 for three testaments for schoolroom;  
W. Seal, \$10 for two months salary as jan-  
itor. The application of Russell Wilson to  
supply water to schoolroom for the year 1898  
for \$16.00 was accepted. A communication  
was read by the Secretary from the Lion  
Gov. concerning the issue of School Deben-  
tures to the amount and for the purpose as  
indicated in the By-law, and also the offi-  
cial notice in the North West Territories  
Gazette, moved by T. W. Robinson seconded  
by H. McInnagh, that the Secretary ad-  
vertise for applications for the purchase of  
the debentures. Carried.

**Interna Anxieties.**  
I had a very bad cough this fall, but Hag-  
gard's Peppermint Cure cured me completely.  
E. ROBINSON, Winnipeg.  
Peppermint Cure cures coughs, colds,  
bronchitis, asthma, hoarseness and all throat  
and lung troubles.

## DEATHS.

MARIE, In Moose Jaw, Friday, April 24th, the  
wife of J. G. Gordon, daughter of a  
GRIEFSON. In Moose Jaw, on the 9th inst.,  
the wife of Mr. Gordon, of a daughter.

## NEW BLACKSMITH.

Mr. Alex. Wilson, late of Ontario,  
wishes to inform the people of Moose  
Jaw and vicinity, that he has purchased  
the blacksmith shop and business of  
A. B. McKenzie on High Street, west,  
where he is prepared to do all kinds of  
job blacksmithing in first class style.  
Horse Shoeing and Plow Points a  
specialty. Give us a call.  
A. WILSON.

## FOR SALE.

About 600 Acres with 1 Lamb,  
630 Last year Lambs and 22 rams.  
Two Span of mares.  
Two yearling mares only.  
Two New Wagons, 2 Set double harness.  
Two new Single Harness.  
One back board, one cutter.  
One Blinder.  
One Sled Drill.  
One Sled.  
One Set Sleds, capacity 500 Pounds.  
One Set Sleds capacity 1000 pounds.  
A number farming implements too numerous  
to mention.  
Apply to DONALD McLEANS,  
P. O. Box 9, Moose Jaw, See 10, 17, 20.

## BURROUGHS' CURES DYSPEPSIA.

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# THE GREATEST CHANGE

Ever Witnessed in Moose Jaw

## FOR BARGAINS

At ANNABLE & CO's Store

Dry Goods,

Clothing

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

WALL PAPER, STATIONERY,

AND GROCERIES.

Hundreds of things will be Sold at Half Price.

Come early and Secure Bargains.

M. E. ANNABLE.

## NEW CASH GROCERY !

Corner Main and River Streets.

EVERYTHING NEW AND FRESH.

—SEE OUR GOODS—

CALL AND GET PRICES.

J. E. WELSH, PROP.

## PROVIDENT LIFE

—AND—

LIVE STOCK ASSOCIATION,

TORONTO ONT.

The most successful Association in Canada.

Second Year's Income, \$33,694.85

Amount of Claims Paid, \$3,399.54

R. L. ALEXANDER AGENT.

Agent for—

Tomb Stones, Head Stones, &c.

STRAVED—From Sec. 22, Tp. 18, R. 27 on  
Friday, May 2nd, one York Steers, Red,  
1 year old, had ropes on their heads, partly  
broken. Finder will kindly notify  
J. G. DEESLEY, Marlborough P. O.

STRAVED—From Chaplin Station, C. P. R.,  
one bay pony horse, and one black pony  
mare branded with a diamond on left shoulder.  
Finder will be rewarded by returning  
them to THOMAS RICHARDSON Chaplin,  
or G. M. ANNABLE Moose Jaw.

The Equitable Life Assurance Socy.

The Largest, Strongest and Most

Profitable Life Insurance Com-  
pany in the World.

The Equitable has for the past nine years, been  
rated in Largest Annual New Busi-  
ness and has held the Largest 4  
per cent. Surplus.

Total Insurance, \$3,192,136.  
Total Assets, \$2,332,262.  
Surplus, \$724,112.  
Cash, \$1,000,000.  
Inquire for Illustration of Cost and Profit.

J. T. SIMPSON,  
Manager for Moose Jaw N. W. T.

## OCEAN TICKETS TO EUROPE.

—by—

Allan, Dominion, White Star,  
Beaver, Cunard, Anchor,  
and all other Lines sailing from  
Halifax, Portland,  
Boston, New York,  
and Baltimore,  
—Are on sale at the—  
C. F. R. Station at Very Lowest Rates.

Ask for Sailing Lists and Rates of Fare.  
Great Advantages Secured by taking Ocean  
Tickets from your local agent.  
Great Savings effected by taking Round  
Trip Tickets.  
Berths on any steamer engaged without  
charge.

Prepaid Passages arranged from any part  
in Europe.

Apply to your nearest Agent,  
or to R. H. Kerr, C. F. R. Station,  
Gen. Pass. Agt. Winnipeg Moose Jaw.

## FIRE ! FIRE ! FIRE !

Protect Yourself Against Fire.

Phenix, London, England  
Queen, London & Liverpool  
Western, Toronto, Canada  
British American, "

Applications for Insurance in any the above  
Companies received by  
SEYMOUR N. DE. P. GREEN,  
Agent.

## APPLICATIONS.

Applications will be received by the  
undersigned up to the 15th May, for the  
purchase of Debentures issued by the Trustees  
of the Moose Jaw P. P. School District No. 1.  
N. W. T., amounting to \$2,000 repayable  
in twenty equal consecutive annual install-  
ments, with interest thereon at 8% per  
annum.

WM. GRAYSON, Secy. Treas.  
Moose Jaw, May 4th, 1908.

## NEW LIVERY.

IF YOU WANT A FIRST-CLASS

HORSE AND RIG,

Call and see J. T. Jackson. None but the very  
best kept.

CATTLE AND HORSES HERDED.

J. T. JACKSON.

HICK STREET, MOOSE JAW

# SETTLERS, SETTLERS,

Call and See my Stock of

## STOVES! STOVES!

Furniture, before buying elsewhere.

Evertroughing, Roofing and General Jobbing promptly at-  
ed to.

JOHN BRASS,

Main Street. Opposite Post Office.

Farmers ! Farmers !

DON'T BUY UNTIL YOU SEE

WALSH'S

WORKING OXEN & IMPORTED HORSES

The Celebrated Imported Shire Stallion "BAY PRINCE"

Imported Clyde, "Young Royal Exchange."

HIGH STREET MOOSE JAW